

ORDINANCE 2010-26

AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY COMMISSION OF THE CITY OF LAKE WALES, FLORIDA, AMENDING CHAPTER 16, ARTICLE III OF THE LAKE WALES CODE, TO PROVIDE THAT THE TRUSTEES OF THE FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION PLAN AND TRUST BE IN COMPLIANCE WITH STATE AND FEDERAL LAWS AND REGULATIONS AND SECTION 401(a) OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE; PROVIDING FOR CODIFICATION; PROVIDING FOR A SAVINGS CLAUSE; PROVIDING FOR SEVERABILITY; AND PROVIDING FOR AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

SECTION 1: The City Commission of the City of Lake Wales has the authority to adopt this ordinance pursuant to Article VIII of the Constitution of the State of Florida and Chapter 166, Florida Statutes.

SECTION 2: Section 16-161 of the City of Lake Wales Code be amended by deleting the stricken through language and adding the underlined language as follows:

Sec. 16-161. Definitions.

Salary means the total compensation reported on the member's W-2 form, plus all tax deferred, tax sheltered or tax exempt items of income derived from elective employee payroll deductions or salary reductions. ~~Compensation in excess of limitations set forth in section 401(a)(17) of the Code shall be disregarded.~~ The limitation on compensation for an "eligible employee" shall not be less than the amount which was allowed to be taken into account hereunder as in effect on July 1, 1993. For the purpose of applying the limitations set forth in Sections 401(a)(17) and 415 of the Internal Revenue Code, Earnings shall include any elective deferral (as defined in Code Section 402(g)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code), and any amount which is contributed or deferred by the employer at the election of the Member and which is not includible in the gross income of the Member by reason of Section 125 or 457 of the Internal Revenue Code. For limitation years beginning on and after January 1, 2001, for the purposes of applying the limitations described in Subsection (a) of Section 16-175 hereof, compensation paid or made available during such limitation years shall include elective amounts that are not includible in the gross income of the Member by reason of Section 132(f)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code.

SECTION 3: Section 16-175 of the City of Lake Wales Code be amended by deleting the stricken through language and adding the underlined language as follows:

Sec. 16-175. ~~Maximum pension~~Internal Revenue Code Compliance.

~~(a) — *Basic limitation.* Subject to the adjustments hereinafter set forth, the maximum amount of annual retirement income payable with respect to a member under this plan shall not exceed ninety thousand dollars (\$90,000.00) as such limitation may be adjusted under section 415 of the Code from time to time.~~

~~For purposes of applying the above limitation, benefits payable in any form other than a straight life annuity with no ancillary benefits shall be adjusted, as provided by treasury regulations, so that such benefits are the actuarial equivalent of a straight life annuity. For purposes of this section, the following benefits shall not be taken into account:~~

~~(1) Any ancillary benefit which is not directly related to retirement income benefits;~~

~~(2) Any other benefit not required under section 415(b)(2) of the Code and regulations thereunder to be taken into account for purposes of the limitation of section 415(b)(1) of the Code.~~

~~(b) — *Participation in other defined benefit plans.* The limitation of this section with respect to any member who at any time has been a member in any other defined benefit plan (as defined in section 414(j) of the Code) maintained by the city shall apply as if the total benefits payable under all defined benefit plans in which the member has been a member were payable from one (1) plan.~~

~~(c) — *Adjustments in limitations.* There shall be no reduction in the limitations set forth in subsection (a) of this section 16-175, in the event a member's benefits are paid prior to age sixty five (65). If the member's retirement benefit becomes payable after age sixty five (65), for purposes of determining whether this benefit meets the limitation set forth in subsection (a) herein, such benefit shall be adjusted so that it is actuarially equivalent to the benefit beginning at age sixty five (65). This adjustment shall be made using an assumed interest rate of five (5) percent and shall be made in accordance with regulations promulgated by the secretary of the treasury or his or her delegate.~~

~~(d) — *Less than ten (10) years of service.* The maximum retirement benefits payable under this section to any member who has completed less than ten (10) years of credited service with the city shall be the amount determined under subsection (a) of this section 16-175 multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of the member's years of credited service and the denominator of which is ten (10). The reduction provided for in this subsection shall not be applicable to pre-retirement death benefits paid pursuant to section 16-168.~~

~~(e) — *Ten thousand dollar (\$10,000.00) limit.* Notwithstanding the foregoing, the retirement benefit payable with respect to a member shall be deemed not to exceed the limitations set forth in this section if the benefits payable, with respect to such member under this plan and under all other qualified defined benefit pension plans to which the city contributes, do not exceed ten thousand dollars (\$10,000.00) for the applicable plan year and for any prior plan year and the city has not at any time maintained a qualified defined contribution plan in which the member participated.~~

~~(f) — *Member in defined contribution plan.* In any case where a member under this plan is also a member in a "defined contribution plan" as defined in section 414(i) of the Code, maintained by the city, the sum of the "defined benefit plan fraction" and the "defined contribution plan fraction" (both as defined in section 415(e) of the Code) shall not, subject to the restrictions and exceptions contained in § 2004 of the Act, exceed 1.0. This limitation is repealed effective January 1, 2000.~~

~~(g) — *Reduction of benefits.* The reduction of benefits and/or contributions to all plans, where required, shall be accomplished by first reducing the member's benefit under any defined benefit plans in which member participated, such reduction to be made first with respect to the plan in which the member most recently accrued benefits and thereafter in such priority as shall be determined by the trustees and the plan administrator of such other plans, and next, by reducing or allocating excess forfeitures for defined contribution plans in which the member participated, such reduction to be made first with respect to the plan in which member most recently accrued benefits and thereafter in such priority as shall be established by the trustees and the plan administrator for such other provided, however, that necessary reductions may be made in a different manner and priority pursuant to the agreement of the board and the plan administrator of all other plans covering such member.~~

~~(h) — *Cost of living adjustments.* The limitations, as stated in subsections (a), (b), (c), and (f) herein, shall be adjusted to the time payment of a benefit begins, in accordance with any cost of living adjustments prescribed by the secretary of the treasury pursuant to section 415(d) of the Code.~~

~~(i) — *Additional limitation on pension benefits.* Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, no member of the system shall be allowed to receive a retirement benefit or pension which is in part or in whole based upon any service with respect to which the member is already receiving, or will receive in the future, a retirement benefit or pension from another retirement system or plan. This restriction does not apply to social security benefits or federal benefits under chapter 67, title 10, U.S. Code.~~

~~(j) — *Provisions of section 16-175 prevail.* The provisions of this section 16-175 shall prevail over all other provisions of this plan to the contrary.~~

(a) Maximum Pension

Notwithstanding any provision of this Plan to the contrary, the Annual Pension that is accrued by or paid to a participant shall not exceed the Dollar Limitation set forth below. If the benefit the participant would otherwise accrue in a Limitation Year would produce an Annual Pension in excess of the Dollar Limitation, the benefit shall be limited to a benefit that does not exceed the Dollar Limitation.

(1) Definitions Used in this Section

(A) "Annual Pension" means the benefits received by a participant under this Plan expressed in the form of a straight life annuity. In determining whether benefits payable exceed the Dollar Limitation set forth below, benefits payable in any form other than a straight life annuity shall be adjusted to the larger of:

(i) The annual amount of the straight life annuity (if any) payable to the participant under the plan commencing at the same annuity starting date as the form of benefit payable to the participant; or

(ii) The annual amount of the straight life annuity commencing at the same annuity starting date that has the same actuarial present value as the form of benefit payable to the participant, computed using a 5 percent interest assumption and the applicable mortality table described in §1.417(e)-1(d)(2) for that annuity starting date.

No actuarial adjustment to the benefit shall be made for benefits that are not directly related to retirement benefits (such as a qualified disability benefit, preretirement incidental death benefits, and postretirement medical benefits); or the inclusion in the form of benefit of an automatic benefit increase feature, provided the form of benefit is not subject to §417(e)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and would otherwise satisfy the limitations of this Subsection (a), and the amount payable under the form of benefit in any Limitation Year shall not exceed the limits of this Subsection (a) applicable at the annuity starting date, as increased in subsequent years pursuant to § 415(d) of the Code. For this purpose, an automatic benefit increase feature is included in a form of benefit if the form of benefit provides for automatic, periodic increases to the benefits paid in that form.

(B) "Dollar Limitation" means \$160,000 (subject to the annual adjustments provided under Section 415(d) of the IRC). Said amount shall be adjusted based on the age of the participant when benefits begin, as follows:

(i) Except with respect to a participant who is a "Qualified Participant" as defined in Section 415(b)(2)(H) of the Code, for benefits (except survivor and disability benefits as defined in Section 415(b)(2)(I) of the Code) beginning before age 62 the Age-Adjusted Dollar Limitation is equal to the lesser of--

(I) the actuarial equivalent of the annual amount of a straight life annuity commencing at the annuity starting date that has the same actuarial present value as a deferred straight

life annuity commencing at age 62, where annual payments under the straight life annuity commencing at age 62 are equal to the Dollar Limitation (as adjusted pursuant to section 415(d) for the limitation year), and where the actuarially equivalent straight life annuity is computed using a 5 percent interest rate and the applicable mortality table under §1.417(e)-1(d)(2) that is effective for that annuity starting date (and expressing the participant's age based on completed calendar months as of the annuity starting date); and

(II) the Dollar Limitation (as adjusted pursuant to section 415(d)) multiplied by the ratio of the annual amount of the straight life annuity under the plan to the annual amount of the straight life annuity under the plan commencing at age 62, with both annual amounts determined without applying the rules of section 415.

(ii) For benefits beginning after the age of 65, the age-adjusted Dollar Limitation is equal to the lesser of:

(I) the actuarial equivalent of the annual amount of a straight life annuity commencing at the annuity starting date that has the same actuarial present value as a straight life annuity commencing at age 65, where annual payments under the straight life annuity commencing at age 65 are equal to the dollar limitation of section 415(b)(1)(A) (as adjusted pursuant to section 415(d) for the limitation year), and where the actuarially equivalent straight life annuity is computed using a 5 percent interest rate and the applicable mortality table under §1.417(e)-1(d)(2) that is effective for that annuity starting date (and expressing the participant's age based on completed calendar months as of the annuity starting date); and

(II) the section 415(b)(1)(A) Dollar limitation (as adjusted pursuant to section 415(d) and §1.415(d)-1 for the limitation year) multiplied by the ratio of the annual amount of the adjusted immediately commencing straight life annuity under the plan to the adjusted age 65 straight life annuity. The adjusted immediately commencing straight life annuity means the annual amount of the immediately commencing straight life annuity payable to the participant, computed disregarding the participant's accruals after age 65 but including actuarial adjustments even if those actuarial adjustments are applied to offset accruals. For this purpose, the annual amount of the immediately commencing straight life annuity is determined without applying the rules of section 415. The adjusted age 65 straight life annuity means the annual amount of the straight life annuity that would be payable under the plan to a hypothetical participant who is 65 years old and has the same accrued benefit (with no actuarial increases for commencement after age 65) as the participant receiving the distribution (determined disregarding the participant's accruals after age 65 and without applying the rules of section 415).

(iii) There shall be no age adjustment of the Dollar Limitation with respect to benefits beginning between the ages of 62 and 65.

(2) The limitations set forth in this Subsection (a) shall not apply if the Annual Pension does not exceed \$10,000 provided the participant has never participated in a Defined Contribution Plan maintained by the City.

(3) Cost-of-living adjustments in the Dollar Limitation for benefits shall be limited to scheduled annual increases determined by the

Secretary of the Treasury under Section Subsection 415(d) of the Code.

(4) In the case of a participant who has fewer than 10 years of participation in the Plan, the Dollar Limitation set forth in Paragraph (1)(B) of this Subsection (a) shall be multiplied by a fraction - (i) the numerator of which is the number of years (or part thereof) of participation in the Plan, and (ii) the denominator of which is 10.

(5) Any portion of a participant's benefit that is attributable to mandatory employee contributions (unless picked-up by the City) or rollover contributions, shall be taken into account in the manner prescribed in the regulations under Section 415 of the Code.

(6) Should any participant participate in more than one defined benefit plan maintained by the City, in any case in which the participant's benefits under all such defined benefit plans (determined as of the same age) would exceed the Dollar Limitation applicable at that age, the accrual of the participant's benefit under this Plan shall be reduced so that the participant's combined benefits will equal the Dollar Limitation.

(7) For a participant who has or will have distributions commencing at more than one annuity starting date, the Annual Benefit shall be determined as of each such annuity starting date (and shall satisfy the limitations of this Section as of each such date), actuarially adjusting for past and future distributions of benefits commencing at the other annuity starting dates. For this purpose, the determination of whether a new starting date has occurred shall be made without regard to § 1.401(a)-20, Q&A 10(d), and with regard to § 1.415(b)1(b)(1)(iii)(B) and (C) of the Income Tax Regulations.

(8) The determination of the Annual Pension under Paragraph (a)(1) of this Subsection (a) shall take into account (in the manner prescribed by the regulations under Section 415 of the Code) social security supplements described in § 411(a)(9) of the Internal Revenue Code and benefits transferred from another defined benefit plan, other than transfers of distributable benefits pursuant § 1.411(d)-4, Q&A-3(c) of the Income Tax Regulations.

(9) The above limitations are intended to comply with the provisions of Section 415 of the Code, as amended, so that the maximum benefits provided by plans of the City shall be exactly equal to the maximum amounts allowed under Section 415 of the Code and regulations thereunder. If there is any discrepancy between the provisions of this Subsection (a) and the provisions of Section 415 of the Code and regulations thereunder, such discrepancy shall be resolved in such a way as to give full effect to the provisions of Section 415 of the Code. The value of any benefits forfeited as a result of the application of this Subsection (a) shall be used to decrease future employer contributions.

(b) Required Beginning Date:

Notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan, payment of a participant's retirement benefits under the Plan shall commence not later than the participant's Required Beginning Date, which is defined as the later of:

-April 1 of the calendar year that next follows the calendar year in which the participant attains or will attain the age of 70½ years; or

-April 1 of the calendar year that next follows the calendar year in which the participant retires.

(c) Required Minimum Distributions.

(1) Required Beginning Date. The participant's entire interest will be distributed, or begin to be distributed, to the participant no later than the participant's Required Beginning Date as defined in Subsection (b) of this Section 16-175.

(2) Death of participant Before Distributions Begin.

(A) If the participant dies before distributions begin, the participant's entire interest will be distributed, or begin to be distributed, no later than as follows:

(i) If the participant's surviving spouse is the participant's sole designated beneficiary, then distributions to the surviving spouse will begin by December 31 of the calendar year immediately

following the calendar year in which the participant died, or by December 31 of the calendar year in which the participant would have attained age 70½, if later.

(ii) If the participant's surviving spouse is not the participant's sole designated beneficiary, then distributions to the designated beneficiary will begin by December 31 of the calendar year immediately following the calendar year in which the participant died.

(iii) If there is no designated beneficiary as of September 30 of the year following the year of the participant's death, the participant's entire interest will be distributed by December 31 of the calendar year containing the fifth anniversary of the participant's death.

(B) The participant's entire interest shall be distributed as follows:

(i) participant Survived by Designated Beneficiary. If the participant dies before the date distribution of his or her interest begins and there is a designated beneficiary, the participant's entire interest will be distributed, beginning no later than the time described in Subparagraph (2)(A) above, over the life of the designated beneficiary or over a period certain not exceeding:

(I) unless the annuity starting date is before the first distribution calendar year, the life expectancy of the designated beneficiary determined using the beneficiary's age as of the beneficiary's birthday in the calendar year immediately following the calendar year of the participant's death; or

(II) if the annuity starting date is before the first distribution calendar year, the life expectancy of the designated beneficiary

determined using the beneficiary's age as of the beneficiary's birthday in the calendar year that contains the annuity starting date.

(ii) No Designated Beneficiary. If the participant dies before the date distributions begin and there is no designated beneficiary as of September 30 of the year following the year of the participant's death, distribution of the participant's entire interest will be completed by December 31 of the calendar year containing the fifth anniversary of the participant's death.

(C) Death of Surviving Spouse Before Distributions to Surviving Spouse Begin. In any case in which (i) the participant dies before the date distribution of his or her interest begins, (ii) the participant's surviving spouse is the participant's sole designated beneficiary, and (iii) the surviving spouse dies before distributions to the surviving spouse begin, Subparagraphs (2)(A) and 2(B) above shall apply as though the surviving spouse were the participant.

(3) Requirements For Annuity Distributions That Commence During participant's Lifetime.

(A) Joint Life Annuities Where the Beneficiary Is Not the participant's Spouse. If the participant's interest is being distributed in the form of a joint and survivor annuity for the joint lives of the participant and a nonspousal beneficiary, annuity payments to be made on or after the participant's Required Beginning Date to the designated beneficiary after the participant's death must not at any time exceed the applicable percentage of the annuity payment for such period that would have been payable to the participant using the table set forth in Q&A-2 of Section 1.401(a)(9)-6T of the Treasury regulations. If the form of distribution combines a joint and survivor annuity for the joint lives of the participant and a nonspousal beneficiary and a period certain annuity, the requirement in the preceding sentence will apply to annuity payments to be made to the designated beneficiary after the expiration of the period certain.

(B) Period Certain Annuities. Unless the participant's spouse is the sole designated beneficiary and the form of distribution is a period certain and no life annuity, the period certain for an annuity distribution commencing during the participant's lifetime may not exceed the applicable distribution period for the participant under the Uniform Lifetime Table set forth in Section 1.401(a)(9)-9 of the Treasury regulations for the calendar year that contains the annuity starting date. If the annuity starting date precedes the year in which the participant reaches age 70, the applicable distribution period for the participant is the distribution period for age 70 under the Uniform Lifetime Table set forth in Section 1.401(a)(9)-9 of the Treasury regulations plus the excess of 70 over the age of the participant as of the participant's birthday in the year that contains the annuity starting date. If the participant's spouse is the participant's sole designated beneficiary and the form of distribution is a period certain and no life annuity, the period certain may not exceed the longer of the participant's applicable distribution period, as determined under this Subparagraph (3)(B), or the joint life and last survivor expectancy of the participant and the participant's spouse as determined under the Joint and Last Survivor Table set forth in Section 1.401(a)(9)-9 of the Treasury regulations, using the participant's and spouse's attained ages as of the participant's and spouse's birthdays in the calendar year that contains the annuity starting date.

(4) Form of Distribution. Unless the participant's interest is distributed in the form of an annuity purchased from an insurance company or in a single sum on or before the Required Beginning Date, as of the first distribution calendar year distributions will be made in accordance with Subparagraphs (4)(A), (4)(B) and (4)(C) below. If the participant's interest is distributed in the form of an annuity purchased from an insurance company, distributions thereunder will be made in accordance with the requirements of Section 401(a)(9) of the Code and the Treasury regulations. Any part of the participant's interest which is in the form of an individual account described in Section 414(k) of the Code will be distributed in a manner satisfying the requirements of Section 401(a)(9) of the Code and the Treasury regulations that apply to individual accounts.

(A) General Annuity Requirements. If the participant's interest is paid in the form of annuity distributions under the Plan, payments under the annuity will satisfy the following requirements:

(i) the annuity distributions will be paid in periodic payments made at intervals not longer than one year;

(ii) the distribution period will be over a life (or lives) or over a period certain, not longer than the distribution period described in Paragraphs 2 or 3 above, whichever is applicable, of this Subsection (c);

(iii) once payments have begun over a period certain, the period certain will not be changed even if the period certain is shorter than the maximum permitted;

(iv) payments will either be non-increasing or increase only as follows:

(I) by an annual percentage increase that does not exceed the annual percentage increase in a cost-of-living index that is based on prices of all items and issued by the Bureau of Labor Statistics;

(II) to the extent of the reduction in the amount of the participant's payments to provide for a survivor benefit upon death, but only if the beneficiary whose life was being used to determine the distribution period dies or is no longer the participant's beneficiary pursuant to a qualified domestic relations order within the meaning of Section 414(p) of the Code;

(III) to provide cash refunds of employee contributions upon the participant's death; or

(IV) to pay increased benefits that result from a Plan amendment.

(B) Amount Required to be Distributed by Required Beginning Date. The amount that must be distributed on or before the participant's Required Beginning Date (or, if the participant dies before distributions begin, the date distributions are required to begin under Subparagraph (2)(A)(i) or (2)(A)(ii), whichever is applicable) is the payment that is required for one payment interval. The second payment need not be made until the end of the next payment interval even if that payment interval ends in the next calendar year. Payment intervals are the periods for which payments are received, e.g., bi-monthly, monthly, semi-annually, or annually. All of the participant's benefit accruals as of the last day of the first distribution calendar year will be included in the calculation of the amount of the annuity payments for payment intervals ending on or after the participant's Required Beginning Date.

(C) Additional Accruals After First Distribution Calendar Year. Any additional benefits accruing to the participant in a calendar year after the first distribution calendar year will be distributed beginning with the first payment interval ending in the calendar year immediately following the calendar year in which such amount accrues.

(5) For purposes of this Subsection (c), distributions are considered to begin on the participant's Required Beginning Date. If annuity payments irrevocably commence to the participant (or to the participant's Surviving Spouse) before the participant's Required Beginning Date (or, if to the participant's Surviving Spouse, before the date distributions are required to begin in accordance with Subparagraph (2)(A) above), the date distributions are considered to begin is the date distributions actually commence.

(6) Definitions.

(A) Designated beneficiary. The individual who is designated as the beneficiary under the Plan and is the designated beneficiary under Section 401(a)(9) of the Code

and Section 1.401(a)(9)-1, Q&A-4, of the Treasury regulations.

(B) *Distribution calendar year.* A calendar year for which a minimum distribution is required. For distributions beginning before the participant's death, the first distribution calendar year is the calendar year immediately preceding the calendar year which contains the participant's Required Beginning Date. For distributions beginning after the participant's death, the first distribution calendar year is the calendar year in which distributions are required to begin pursuant to Paragraph (2) of this Subsection (c).

(C) *Life expectancy.* Life expectancy as computed by use of the Single Life Table in Section 1.401(a)(9)-9 of the Treasury regulations.

(d) (1) Notwithstanding any provision of the Plan to the contrary that would otherwise limit a distributee's election under this Section, a distributee may elect, at the time and in the manner prescribed by the Administrator, to have any portion of an eligible rollover distribution paid directly to an eligible retirement plan specified by the distributee in a direct rollover.

(2) Definitions

The following definitions apply to this Section:

(A) Eligible rollover distribution: An eligible rollover distribution is any distribution of all or any portion of the balance to the credit of the distributee, except that an eligible rollover distribution does not include:

(i) any distribution that is one of a series of substantially equal periodic payments (not less frequently than annually) made for the life (or life expectancy) of the distributee or the joint lives (or joint life expectancies) of the distributee and the distributee's designated beneficiary, or for a specified period of 10 years or more;

(ii) any distribution to the extent such distribution is required under Section 401(a)(9) of the Code;

(iii) the portion of any distribution that is a hardship distribution described in Section 401(k)(2)(B)(i)(IV) of the Code; and

(iv) the portion of any distribution that is not includible in gross income (determined without regard to the exclusion for net unrealized appreciation with respect to employer securities), provided that a portion of a distribution shall not fail to be an eligible rollover distribution merely because the portion consists of after-tax Employee contributions which are not includible in gross income. However, such portion may be transferred only to an individual retirement account or annuity described in Section 408(a) or (b) of the Code, or to a qualified defined contribution plan described in Section 401(a) or 403(a) of the Code that agrees to separately account for amounts so transferred, including separately accounting for the portion of such distribution which is includible in gross income and the portion of such distribution which is not so includible.

(3) Eligible retirement plan: An eligible retirement plan is an individual retirement account described in Section 408(a) of the Code, an individual retirement annuity described in Section 408(b) of the Code, an annuity plan described in Section 403(a) of the Code, an annuity contract described in Section 403(b) of the Code, a qualified trust described in Section 401 (a) of the Code, an eligible plan under Section 457(b) of the Code which is maintained by a state, political subdivision of a state, or any agency or instrumentality of a state or political subdivision of a state and which agrees to separately account for amounts transferred into such plan from this Plan, or, with respect to distributions on or after January 1, 2008, a Roth IRA (subject to the limitations of Code Section 408A(c)(3)) that accepts the distributee's eligible rollover distribution.

(4) Distributee: A distributee includes an Employee or former Employee. In addition, the Employee's or former Employee's

surviving spouse and the Employee's or former Employee's spouse or former spouse who is the alternate payee under a qualified domestic relations order, as defined in Section 414(p) of the Code, are distributees with regard to the interest of the spouse or former spouse. Furthermore, effective January 1, 2007, a surviving designated beneficiary as defined in Section 401(a)(9)(E) of the Code who is not the surviving spouse and who elects a direct rollover to an individual retirement account described in Section 408(a) of the Code or an individual retirement annuity described in Section 408(b) of the Code shall be considered a distributee.

(5) Direct rollover: A direct rollover is a payment by the Plan to the eligible retirement plan specified by the distributee.

(e) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Plan, the maximum amount of any mandatory distribution, as defined in Section 401(a)(31) of the Code, payable under the Plan shall be \$1000.

(f) Compensation Limitations Under 401(a)(17):

In addition to other applicable limitations set forth in the Plan, and notwithstanding any other provision of the Plan to the contrary, the annual compensation of each participant taken into account under the Plan shall not exceed the EGTRRA annual compensation limit for limitation years beginning after December 31, 2001. The EGTRRA annual compensation limit is \$200,000, as adjusted by the Commissioner for increases in the cost of living in accordance with Section 401(a)(17)(B) of the Code. The cost-of-living adjustment in effect for a calendar year applies to any period, not exceeding 12 months, over which Compensation is determined (determination period) beginning in such calendar year. If a determination period consists of fewer than 12 months, the EGTRRA annual compensation limit will be multiplied by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of months in the determination period, and the denominator of which is 12.

Any reference in the Plan to the limitation under Section 401 (a)(17) of the Code shall mean the EGTRRA annual compensation limit set forth in this provision.

SECTION 4. Section 16-176 of the City of Lake Wales Code is hereby repealed/deleted in its entirety and all following sections renumbered/relettered accordingly:

~~Sec. 16-176. Latest date to begin distribution of benefits.~~

~~Notwithstanding any other provision of this plan to the contrary, a form of retirement income payable from this plan after the effective date of this ordinance (Oct. 20, 1998), shall satisfy the following conditions:~~

~~(1) If the retirement income is payable before the member's death,~~

~~a. It shall either be distributed or commence to the member not later than April 1 of the calendar year following the later of the calendar year in which the member attains age seventy and one-half (70 1/2), or the calendar year in which member retires;~~

~~b. The distribution shall commence not later than the calendar year defined above; and (a), shall be paid over the life of the member or over the lifetimes of the member and spouse, issue or dependent, or (b), shall be paid over the period extending not beyond the life expectancy of the member and spouse, issue or dependent.~~

~~Where a form of retirement income payment has commenced in accordance with the preceding paragraphs and the member dies before his or her entire interest in the plan has been distributed, the remaining portion of such interest in the plan if any, shall be distributed no less rapidly than under the form of distribution in effect at the time of the member's death.~~

~~(2) If the member's death occurs before the distribution of his or her interest in the plan has commenced, member's entire interest in the plan if any, shall be distributed within five (5) years of the member's death, unless it is to be distributed in accordance with the following rules:~~

~~a. The member's remaining interest in the plan is payable to his or her spouse, issue or dependent;~~

~~b. The remaining interest is to be distributed over the life of the spouse, issue or dependent or over a period not~~

extending beyond the life expectancy of the spouse, issue or dependent; and

c. — Such distribution begins within one (1) year of the member's death unless the member's spouse shall receive the remaining interest in which case the distribution need not begin before the date on which the member would have attained age seventy and one half (70 1/2) and if the spouse dies before the distribution to the spouse begins, this section shall be applied as if the spouse were the member.

SECTION 5: Section 16-183 of the City of Lake Wales Code is hereby repealed/deleted in its entirety and all following sections renumbered/re-lettered accordingly.

~~Sec. 16-183. Direct transfers of eligible rollover distributions.~~

(a) — *General.* A distributee may elect, at the time and in the manner prescribed by the board, to have any portion of an eligible rollover distribution paid directly to an eligible retirement plan specified by the distributee in a direct rollover.

(b) — *Definitions.*

(1) — *Eligible rollover distribution:* An eligible rollover distribution is any distribution of all or any portion of the balance to the credit of the distributee, except that an eligible rollover distribution does not include: any distribution that is one (1) of a series of substantially equal periodic payments (not less frequently than annually) made for the life (or life expectancy) of the distributee or the joint lives (or joint life expectancies) of the distributee and the distributee's designated beneficiary, or for a specified period of ten (10) years or more; any distribution to the extent such distribution is required under section 401(a)(9) of the Code; and the portion of any distribution that is not includable in gross income.

(2) — *Eligible retirement plan:* An eligible retirement plan is an individual retirement account described in section 408(a) of the Code, an individual retirement annuity described in section 408(b) of the Code, an annuity plan described in section 403(a) of the Code, or a qualified trust described in section 401(a) of the Code, that accepts the distributee's eligible rollover distribution. However,

~~in the case of an eligible rollover distribution to the surviving spouse, an eligible retirement plan is an individual retirement account or individual retirement annuity.~~

~~(3) — *Distributee:* A distributee includes an employee or former employee. In addition, the employee's or former employee's surviving spouse is a distributee with regard to the interest of the spouse.~~

~~(4) — *Direct rollover:* A direct rollover is a payment by the plan to the eligible retirement plan specified by the distributee.~~

SECTION 6: All ordinances or parts of ordinances in conflict herewith are hereby repealed.

SECTION 7: If any clause, section or provision of this ordinance shall be declared unconstitutional or invalid for any reason or cause, the remaining portion of said ordinance shall be in full force and effect and be valid as if such invalid portion thereof had not been incorporated herein.


CERTIFIED AS TO PASSAGE this 19th day of October, 2010.

**CITY COMMISSION OF THE
CITY OF LAKE WALES, FLORIDA**



Mayor/Commissioner
City of Lake Wales, Polk County, Florida

ATTEST:


City Clerk